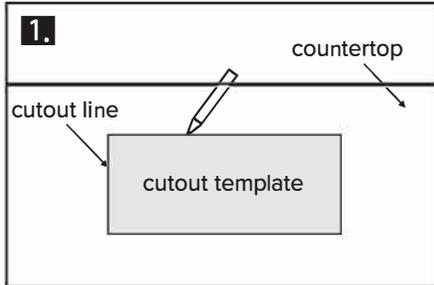


1.



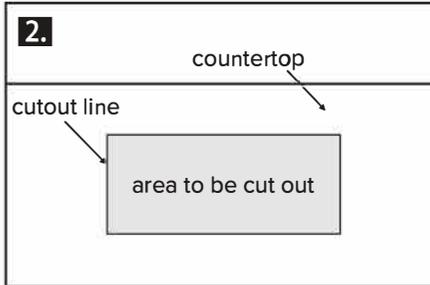
countertop

cutout line

cutout template

Place the cut-out template into the desired location and trace around the border of the template. Make sure the countertop is level, as this can affect the draining of water.

2.



countertop

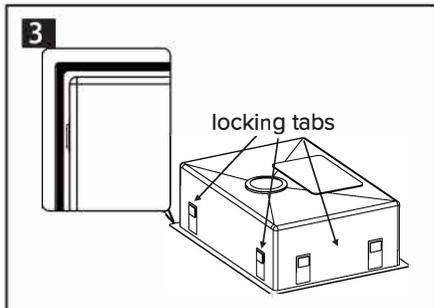
cutout line

area to be cut out

Use an appropriate cutting tool for your countertop material and cut along the template line.

NOTE: BEFORE CUTTING, DOUBLE-CHECK THE MEASUREMENTS OF YOUR TRACED LINE ARE ACCURATE TO THE SINK DIMENSIONS.

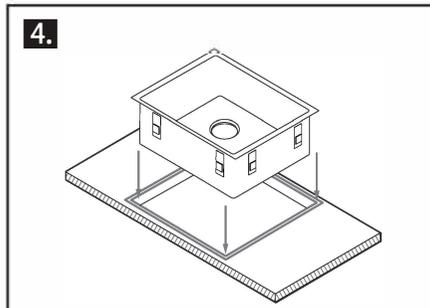
3.



locking tabs

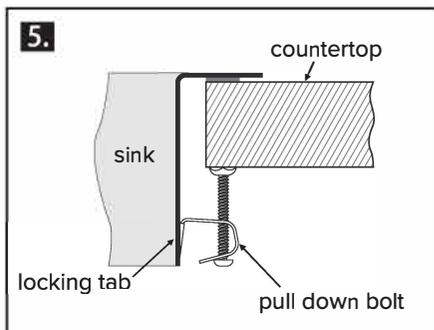
Ensure the underside of the sink is clean and dry. Test fit the sink to confirm the cut out is correct. Apply a bead of neutral cure silicone sealant (not provided) to the underside of the edge.

4.



Inset and manoeuvre the sink until it is situated in the desired position.

5.



countertop

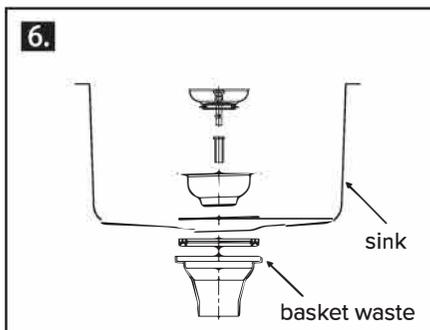
sink

locking tab

pull down bolt

Fit the pull down bolts to the locking tabs. Tighten the sink to the countertop using a screwdriver. Clean off excess silicone and do not use for 24hrs to allow sealant to cure.

6.



sink

basket waste

Install the basket waste to the sink. Test for correct operation and check for leaks.

Important Information

This Product is to be installed by a licensed plumber, installation must be in accordance with AS/NZS 3500.2, Plumbing Code of Australia (PCA) and local regulatory requirements. Please leave this document with the Product after installation.

Ensure that the lines are flushed prior to installation as contaminants in the water can damage the ceramic disc SBAs, O-rings and flow regulators and affect the performance of the Product.

Please leave this document with the Product after installation.

Before installation, remove Product from packaging and check the Product matches what you have ordered, is complete with all parts (per exploded drawing) and is not damaged. **If the Product is incorrect, damaged or missing parts DO NOT install and return to store** with proof of purchase for a refund or replacement. Installed Products are warranted for genuine manufacturing defects arising in your Product during the course of normal domestic or commercial use for the term of the warranty period. Our manufacturer's warranty does not cover Product which are incorrect or have been installed with pre-existing damage or missing parts.

Pressure & Temperatures

- Maximum Hydrostatic Pressure - **500kPa**. AS/NZS3500.1:2021 (Clause 3.3.2) states "The maximum static pressure at any outlet, other than a fire service outlet, within a building shall not exceed 500 kPa. NOTE Pressures above 500 kPa can cause damage from water hammer, reduced life of appliances, taps and fittings, and cause excessive noise in the system.

- Minimum Hydrostatic Pressure - **150kPa**. This Product may not be suitable for use with a gravity fed water supply, unequal pressure or with continuous flow or instantaneous hot water systems.

- Maximum operating temperature - **70°C**.

Care Instructions

- After Use: Rinse with clean water to wash away any food residue. To prevent streaking, water stains and limescale, dry the sink with a soft cloth or towel.

- Daily: Rinse with warm water, then clean with a mild, PH-neutral soap and a soft cloth. For hard to clean areas, use a nylon brush. For stubborn marks, use a mild cream cleaner like JIF or Ajax. For brushed or coloured finishes, follow the direction of the grain, avoiding circular motions. Fingerprints can be treated with glass cleaner, alcohol, methylated spirits or acetone. Rinse with clean water and dry with a soft cloth.

- Monthly: Use a stainless steel polish applied with a soft cloth. For brushed finishes, follow the direction of the grain, avoiding circular motions. Rinse with clean water and pat dry. Polishing can reduce the appearance of scratches, while protecting and sealing the surface of your sink.

- Limescale: Hard water can cause limescale deposits on stainless steel, resulting in visible marks or a whitish layer. To clean limescale, apply one part vinegar to three parts water and gently scrub with a nylon brush. Rinse with clean water and dry with a soft cloth. To prevent limescale, always wipe the surface dry after each use.

- Staining: Stainless steels are corrosion-resistant under normal household conditions, due to the formation of a self-repairing passive film layer. This layer requires exposure to oxygen to develop, so make sure the sink is kept clean and dry to maintain it. In coastal or chloride-rich environments, more frequent polishing may be required. Note: some cleaning products, water high in iron content and contaminants can lead to surface corrosion or "rust-like" marks, which are typically superficial. Any marks that do occur will benefit from scrubbing, using a nylon brush and baking soda paste, diluted vinegar or diluted citric acid; make sure to rinse and dry afterwards.

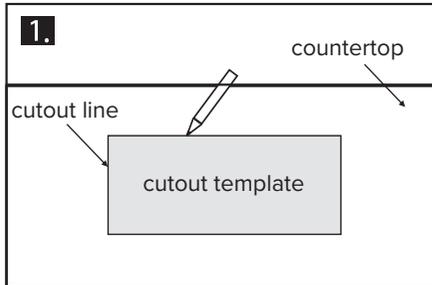
- Scratches: Despite its corrosion resistance and durability, stainless steel will naturally develop marks from exposure to hardened utensils, pots, pans or abrasives. Over time, the appearance of these marks will become less noticeable, blending together as the sink ages. When washing dishes, handle sharp objects carefully to avoid scratching. For minor scratches, use a nylon pad, following polish lines. For brushed finishes, use a scouring pad in the direction of the grain.

- Things to Avoid: Minimise exposure to corrosive agents like salt, vinegar, and fruit juices. Don't use products containing chlorine, bleach, silver cleaner or strong acid. Do not use wire brushes or steel wool; these can damage the passive layer. Don't soak cast iron cookware or leave it in sink for extended periods; carbon steel rusts when exposed to moisture and can mark the sink.

Installation Instructions - Undermount

290604/290605/290606/290607/290609/290610

1.



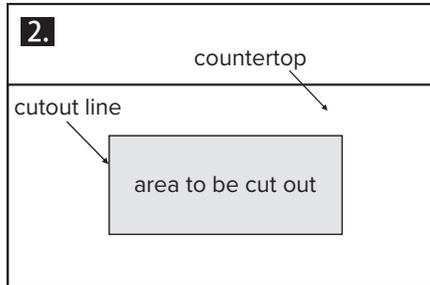
countertop

cutout line

cutout template

Place the cut-out template into the desired location and trace around the border of the template. Make sure the countertop is level, as this can affect the draining of water.

2.



countertop

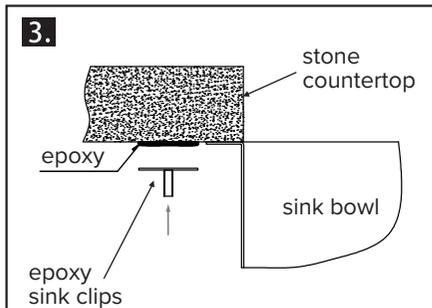
cutout line

area to be cut out

Use an appropriate cutting tool for your countertop material and cut along the template line.

NOTE: BEFORE CUTTING, DOUBLE-CHECK THE MEASUREMENTS OF YOUR TRACED LINE ARE ACCURATE TO THE SINK DIMENSIONS.

3.



stone countertop

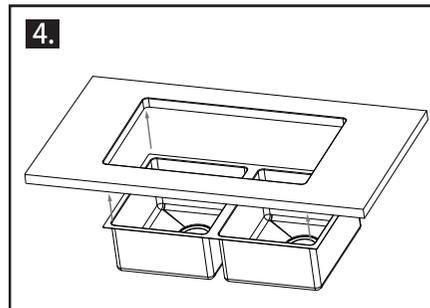
epoxy

epoxy sink clips

sink bowl

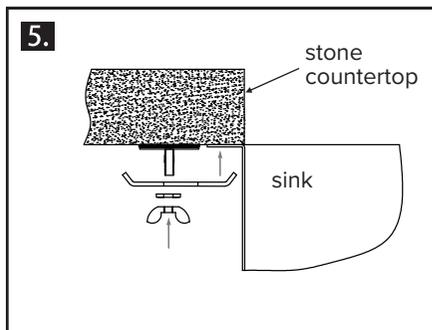
Ensure the underside of the sink is clean and dry. Secure the epoxy sink clips to the countertop. Use an appropriate epoxy adhesive (not supplied) to suit the countertop material.

4.



Ensure the underside of the sink is clean and dry. Apply a bead of neutral cure silicone (not provided) around the top edge of the bowl and manoeuvre the undermount sink until it is in the desired position.

5.

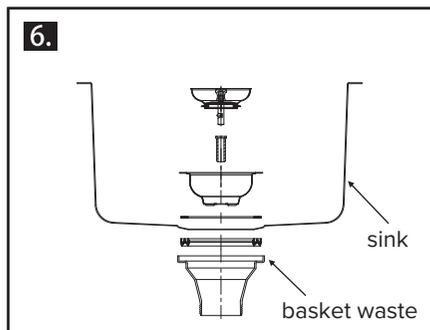


stone countertop

sink

Loosely fit the fixing plate, washer and wingnut to the sink clip. Rotate the fixing plate so it secures the sink edge. Tighten the wingnuts; opposite corners first, and then any remaining nuts. Clean off excess silicone and do not use for 24hrs.

6.



sink

basket waste

Install the basket waste to the sink. Test for correct operation and check for leaks.

Important Information

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Ensure that the lines are flushed prior to installation as contaminants in the water can damage the ceramic disc SBAs, O-rings and flow regulators and affect the performance of the Product.

Please leave this document with the Product after installation.

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Pressure & Temperatures

- Maximum Hydrostatic Pressure - **500kPa**. AS/NZS3500.1:2021 (Clause 3.3.2) states "The maximum static pressure at any outlet, other than a fire service outlet, within a building shall not exceed 500 kPa. NOTE Pressures above 500 kPa can cause damage from water hammer, reduced life of appliances, taps and fittings, and cause excessive noise in the system.

- Minimum Hydrostatic Pressure - **150kPa**. This Product may not be suitable for use with a gravity fed water supply, unequal pressure or with continuous flow or instantaneous hot water systems.

- Maximum operating temperature - **70°C**.

Care Instructions

- After Use: Rinse with clean water to wash away any food residue. To prevent streaking, water stains and limescale, dry the sink with a soft cloth or towel.

- Daily: Rinse with warm water, then clean with a mild, PH-neutral soap and a soft cloth. For hard to clean areas, use a nylon brush. For stubborn marks, use a mild cream cleaner like JIF or Ajax. For brushed or coloured finishes, follow the direction of the grain, avoiding circular motions. Fingerprints can be treated with glass cleaner, alcohol, methylated spirits or acetone. Rinse with clean water and dry with a soft cloth.

- Monthly: Use a stainless steel polish applied with a soft cloth. For brushed finishes, follow the direction of the grain, avoiding circular motions. Rinse with clean water and pat dry. Polishing can reduce the appearance of scratches, while protecting and sealing the surface of your sink.

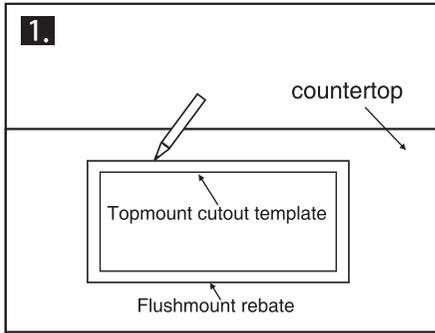
- Limescale: Hard water can cause limescale deposits on stainless steel, resulting in visible marks or a whitish layer. To clean limescale, apply one part vinegar to three parts water and gently scrub with a nylon brush. Rinse with clean water and dry with a soft cloth. To prevent limescale, always wipe the surface dry after each use.

- Staining: Stainless steels are corrosion-resistant under normal household conditions, due to the formation of a self-repairing passive film layer. This layer requires exposure to oxygen to develop, so make sure the sink is kept clean and dry to maintain it. In coastal or chloride-rich environments, more frequent polishing may be required. Note: some cleaning products, water high in iron content and contaminants can lead to surface corrosion or "rust-like" marks, which are typically superficial. Any marks that do occur will benefit from scrubbing, using a nylon brush and baking soda paste, diluted vinegar or diluted citric acid; make sure to rinse and dry afterwards.

- Scratches: Despite its corrosion resistance and durability, stainless steel will naturally develop marks from exposure to hardened utensils, pots, pans or abrasives. Over time, the appearance of these marks will become less noticeable, blending together as the sink ages. When washing dishes, handle sharp objects carefully to avoid scratching. For minor scratches, use a nylon pad, following polish lines. For brushed finishes, use a scouring pad in the direction of the grain.

- Things to Avoid: Minimise exposure to corrosive agents like salt, vinegar, and fruit juices. Don't use products containing chlorine, bleach, silver cleaner or strong acid. Do not use wire brushes or steel wool; these can damage the passive layer. Don't soak cast iron cookware or leave it in sink for extended periods; carbon steel rusts when exposed to moisture and can mark the sink.

1.



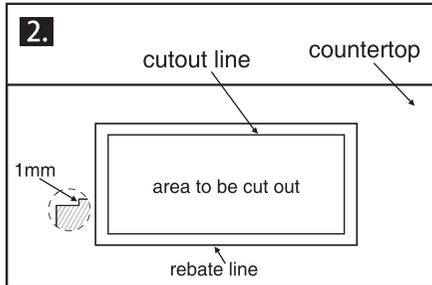
countertop

Topmount cutout template

Flushmount rebate

Place the cut-out template into the desired location and trace around the border of the template. Make sure the countertop is level, as this can affect the draining of water.

2.



cutout line

countertop

1mm

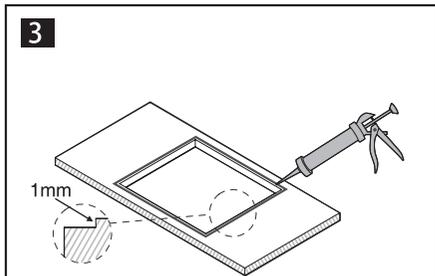
area to be cut out

rebate line

Use an appropriate cutting tool for your countertop material and cut along the template line.

NOTE: BEFORE CUTTING, DOUBLE-CHECK THE MEASUREMENTS OF YOUR TRACED LINE ARE ACCURATE TO THE SINK DIMENSIONS.

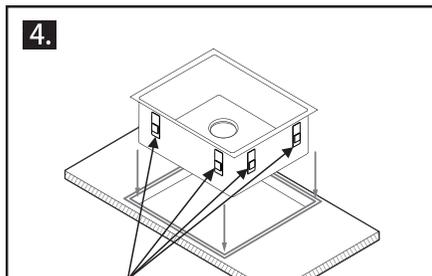
3.



1mm

Ensure the underside of the sink is clean and dry. Test fit the sink to confirm the cut out is correct. Apply a bead of neutral cure silicone sealant (not provided) to the underside of the edge.

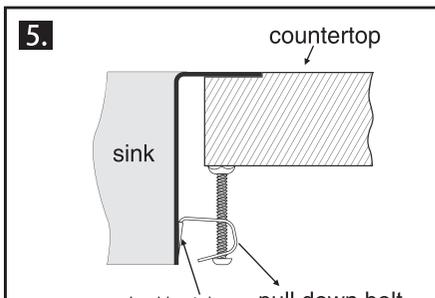
4.



Locking tabs

Inset and manoeuvre the sink until it is situated in the desired position.

5.



countertop

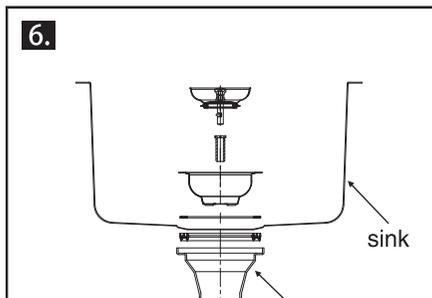
sink

Locking tabs

pull down bolt

Fit the pull down bolts to the locking tabs. Tighten the sink to the countertop using a screwdriver. Clean off excess silicone and do not use for 24hrs to allow sealant to cure.

6.



sink

basket waste

Install the basket waste to the sink. Test for correct operation and check for leaks.

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